What is claimed is:

- 1. A gene encoding the following protein (a), (b), or (c):
- (a) a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2 in the Sequence Listing;
- (b) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence derived from the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2 in the Sequence Listing by deletion, substitution, or addition of one or several amino acid residues and having activity of imparting salt stress tolerance to plants; or
- (c) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence derived from the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2 in the Sequence Listing by deletion, substitution, or addition of one or several amino acid residues and having UDP-glucose 4-epimerase activity.
 - 2. A gene consisting of the following DNA (d), (e), or (f):
- (d) DNA consisting of the nucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 in the Sequence Listing;
- (e) DNA hybridizing under stringent conditions to DNA consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to DNA consisting of the nucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 in the Sequence Listing and encoding a protein having activity of imparting salt stress tolerance to plants; or
- (f) DNA hybridizing under stringent conditions to DNA consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to DNA consisting of the nucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 in the Sequence Listing and encoding a protein having UDP-glucose 4-epimerase activity.
 - 3. A recombinant vector comprising the gene according to claim 1 or 2.
- 4. A transgenic plant into which the gene according to claim 1 or 2 or the recombinant vector according to claim 3 has been introduced.
- 5. A salt stress tolerant transgenic plant into which the gene according to claim 1 or 2 or the recombinant vector according to claim 3 has been introduced.

- 6. The transgenic plant according to claim 4 or 5, wherein the plant is monocotyledonous.
- 7. The transgenic plant according to claim 6, wherein the monocotyledonous plant belongs to the family *Gramineae*, *Liliaceae*, or *Zingiberaceae*.
- 8. The transgenic plant according to claim 7, wherein the plant that belongs to the family *Gramineae* is selected from the group consisting of rice, barley, wheat, maize, sugarcane, Zoysia, sorghum, Italian millet, and Japanese millet.
- 9. The transgenic plant according to claim 4 or 5, wherein the plant is dicotyledonous.
- 10. The transgenic plant according to claim 9, wherein the dicotyledonous plant belongs to the family *Brassicaceae*, *Solanaceae*, *Leguminosae*, *Cucurbitaceae*, *Umbelliferae*, *Asteraceae*, *Malvaceae*, *Chenopodiaceae*, *Myrtaceae*, or *Salicaceae*.
- 11. A method for imparting salt stress tolerance to plants, wherein the gene according to claim 1 or 2 or the recombinant vector according to claim 3 is introduced into plants.
- 12. A selection marker for a transgenic plant comprising the gene according to claim 1 or 2.
- 13. The selection marker for a transgenic plant according to claim 12, wherein the plant is monocotyledonous.
- 14. The selection marker for a transgenic plant according to claim 13, wherein the monocotyledonous plant belongs to the family *Gramineae*, *Liliaceae*, or *Zingiberaceae*.
- 15. The selection marker for a transgenic plant according to claim 14, wherein the plant that belongs to the family *Gramineae* is selected from the group consisting of rice, barley, wheat, maize, sugarcane, Zoysia, sorghum, Italian millet, and Japanese millet.
- 16. The selection marker for a transgenic plant according to claim 12, wherein the plant is dicotyledonous.
 - 17. The selection marker for a transgenic plant according to claim 16, wherein

the dicotyledonous plant belongs to the family Brassicaceae, Solanaceae, Leguminosae, Cucurbitaceae, Umbelliferae, Asteraceae, Malvaceae, Chenopodiaceae, Myrtaceae, or Salicaceae.

18. A method for selecting a transgenic plant comprising introducing the gene according to claim 1 or 2 or the recombinant vector according to claim 3 into a plant, culturing the plant in galactose-containing medium, and selecting the transgenic plant by employing galactose tolerance as an indicator.